## PROCLAMATION MADE PURSUANT TO SECTION 16 OF THE PETROLEUM (PROSPECTING AND MINING) ORDINANCE 1938-1939.

## PROCLAMATION.(1)

Petroleum (Prospecting and Mining) Ordinance 1938-1939.

WHEREAS by section 16 of the Petroleum (Prospecting and Mining) Ordinance 1938-1939 it is provided that the Administrator may, by proclamation in the New Guinea Gazette declare that any land specified in the proclamation shall be reserved from inclusion in any permit, licence, or lease:

Now therefore I, Walter Ramsay McNicoll, the Administrator, do hereby declare that the area of land specified in the Schedule hereto shall be reserved from inclusion in any permit, licence, or lease.

## THE SCHEDULE.

All that area being part of the Sepik District part of the District of Madang and part of the District of Morobe commencing at the intersection of the territorial boundary between the Territory of Papua and the Territory of New Guinea with the 141st meridian of east longitude and bounded thence on the west by part of the said meridian being part of the territorial boundary between Dutch New Guinea and the Territory of New Guinea north for a distance of approximately 58 miles to the right bank of the Sepik River at the point where the said Sepik River finally flows out of Dutch New Guinea aforesaid thence generally on the north by the said right bank of the Sepik River generally easterly to its intersection with the meridian 142 degrees 30 minutes of east longitude thence on the east by part of the said meridian 142 degrees 30 minutes south it intersection with the parallel 4 degrees 30 minutes of south latitude thence again on the north by part of the said parallel 4 degrees 30 minutes east to its intersection with the meridian 143 degrees of east longitude thence on the northeast by a line south-easterly to its intersection with the District boundary(2) between the Sepik District and the District of Madang on the summit of Bismarck Range thence on the north-west by part of the said District boundary northeasterly to its intersection with a line parallel with and distant 5 miles southwesterly from mid-stream of the Ramu River thence generally on the northeast by a line parallel with and distant 5 miles generally south-westerly from mid-stream of the said Ramu River generally south-easterly to its intersection with a straight line from Mount Woodfull to the intersection of the meridian 145 degrees 10 minutes of east longitude with the said territorial boundary between the Territory of Papua and the Territory of New Guinea thence on the north-west by straight lines north-easterly to Mount Woodfull aforesaid and again north-easterly to a point on the right bank of a tributary of the Markham River known as Yati Riv

<sup>(1)</sup> Published in N.G. Gaz. of 15.6.1939.

<sup>(2)</sup> For the boundaries of the Sepik District and the District of Madang, see Proclamation (made under the Administrative Districts Ordinance 1922) dated 28.7.1937, published in N.G. Gaz. on 31.7.1937, and printed on p. 2026.

the Watut River generally south-westerly to its intersection with the Langimar (or Isimp) River at a point approximately 5 miles up the said Langimar (or Isimp) River from its confluence with the said Watut River thence again on the north-east by straight lines south-easterly to Mount Amungwiwa again south-easterly to the intersection of the meridian 146 degrees 50 minutes of east longitude with the parallel 7 degrees 45 minutes of south latitude and again south-easterly to the intersection of the meridian 147 degrees 20 minutes of east longitude with the said territorial boundary between the Territory of Papua and the Territory of New Guinea thence on the south and south-west by part of the territorial boundary last aforesaid west and north-west to the point of commencement.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the Territory of New Guinea this fifth day of June, One thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine.

(L.s.)

W. RAMSAY McNICOLL,

Administrator.

GOD SAVE THE KING!